

No. of Pages: 3

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APJ ABDUL KALAM TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY
FIRST SEMESTER M.TECH. DEGREE EXAMINATION, DECEMBER 2017
Branch: CIVIL ENGINEERING

Stream(s): STRUCTURAL ENGINEERING

01CE6105 – Structural Dynamics

Answer *any two full* questions from *each* part

Limit answers to the required points.

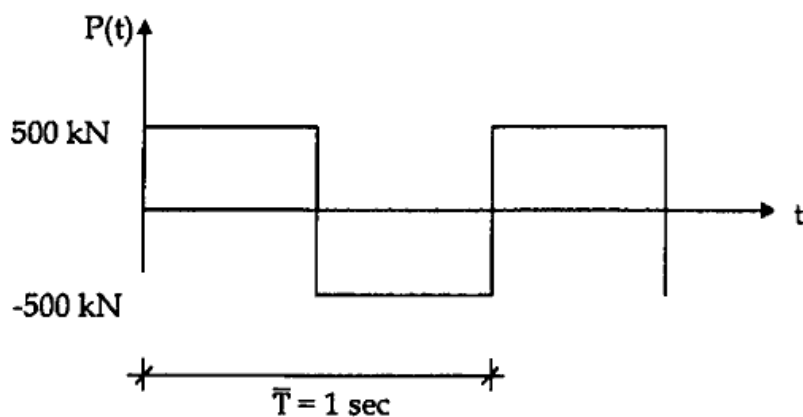
Max. Marks: 60

Duration: 3 hours

PART A

1.
 - a. Derive the basic equation of motion of a damped system excited by a force $P_0 \sin \omega t$. (3)
 - b. A light beam of stiffness 10^3 N/mm supports a mass of 4000 kg at its tip. The beam is undamped and set into free vibration. If the initial displacement is 5 mm and the displacement after 2 seconds is 4 mm, obtain the displacement after 3 seconds and the amplitude of vibration. (3)
 - c. An undamped single degree of freedom system of mass 60 kg and stiffness 0.15 N/mm initially at rest is subjected to a rectangular impulse input as $P(t) = 600$ N for $0 \leq t \leq 0.3$ sec and $P(t) = 0$ for $t \geq 0.3$ sec. Obtain the time displacement history upto 0.5 sec at an interval of 0.1 sec. (3)
2.
 - a. Enumerate the methods for numerical evaluation of response of dynamic systems and explain the concept involved in any one method. (4)
 - b. Determine the natural frequency of a cantilever beam of span 5 m propped at its end and carrying a concentrated load of 5 kN at midspan, neglecting the mass of the beam. $E = 2 \times 10^5$ N/mm², $I = 4.5 \times 10^8$ mm⁴. (5)
3.
 - a. Define logarithmic decrement. (2)

- b. Calculate the response of a damped single degree of freedom system subjected to a periodic loading as shown with $\bar{T} = 1$ sec and $P_0 = 500$ kN. The system has the following properties. $k = 10000$ kN/m, $m = 10000$ kg and $\xi = 0.05$. Truncate the series with $n = 5$ and consider only the steady state response. (7)



PART B

4. a. Explain the concept of shear building model for the analysis of a multi-storeyed building frame. <http://www.ktuonline.com> (5)
- b. Determine the mass orthonormalised modeshape vectors for a system whose mass properties and mode shapes are as given. Take $m = 10000$ kg.

$$m_1 = 2m, m_2 = 1.5m, m_3 = m \text{ and } [\varphi] = \begin{bmatrix} 0.300 & -0.676 & 2.470 \\ 0.644 & -0.601 & -2.570 \\ 1.000 & 1.000 & 1.000 \end{bmatrix} \quad (4)$$

5. A three storeyed building frame of storey height 3.2 m and beam span 8 m is loaded on the top beam with a UDL of 25 kN/m and the other beams carry a UDL of 35 kN/m. If the columns have a uniform moment of inertia of $5 \times 10^7 \text{ mm}^4$ and if $E = 2 \times 10^5 \text{ N/mm}^2$, compute the frequencies and mode shapes of the frame using Stodola's method. (9)

6. Evaluate the steady state response at middle level at $t = 0.15$ sec when a three storeyed frame is subjected to a harmonic load of $400 \sin(1.3\omega_2 t)$ kN at top level, considering the contribution from all the modes. Given damping ratio = 0.05 for the system and $m_1 = m_2 = m_3 = 20000$ kg and $k_1 = 1.5k, k_2 = k_3 = k$, where $k = 160$ kN/mm.

$$\{\omega\} = \left\{ \begin{matrix} 43.872 \\ 120.155 \\ 167 \end{matrix} \right\} \text{ rad/sec and } [\varphi] = \begin{bmatrix} 0.3361 & -1.1572 & 2.512 \\ 0.7594 & 0.8047 & -2.427 \\ 1.000 & 1.000 & 1.000 \end{bmatrix} \quad (9)$$

PART C

7. a. Derive the differential equation of motion for the flexural vibration of beams including shear deformation and rotary inertia. (6)

- b. Plot the first three possible modeshapes of a beam with distributed mass under the following support conditions: (i). Both ends hinged (ii). Both ends fixed (iii). One end fixed and the other end free. (6)
8. a. Derive the equations of motion for a two degree of freedom system using Lagrange's equation. (4)
- b. Derive the solution for the differential equation of undamped free flexural vibration of an one dimensional distributed mass system. (6)
- c. Explain the role of tuned mass dampers in vibration control. (2)
9. a. Determine the amplitude of the response at quarter point from the left support of a simply supported beam due to the first three modes, neglecting damping, for the beam particulars given below. $m = 200 \text{ Nsec}^2/\text{cm}$ per cm of span, $EI = 500 \text{ Nmm}^2$, $L = 320 \text{ cm}$, $P(t) = 1000 \sin 500 t \text{ N}$ applied at midspan. (8)
- b. Differentiate between discrete parameter systems and continuous parameter systems. (4)

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