

No. of Pages: 3

A

APJ ABDUL KALAM TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY  
FIRST SEMESTER M.TECH DEGREE EXAMINATION, DECEMBER 2017

Branch: Mechanical

Stream: Machine Design

Course Code & Name: 01MA6011 Special Functions, Partial Differential Equations and Tensors.

Answer any two full questions from each part

Limit answers to the required points.

Max. Marks: 60

Duration: 3 hours

PART A

1. a. Evaluate  $\iiint_V \nabla \cdot \mathbf{F} dV$  where  $\mathbf{F} = (2x^2 - 3z)\mathbf{i} - 2xy\mathbf{j} - 4x\mathbf{k}$  and  $V$  is bounded by the planes  $x = 0, y = 0, z = 0$  and  $2x + 2y + z = 4$  (5 marks)  
b. Show that  $\mathbf{F} = (x^2 + xy^2)\mathbf{i} + (y^2 + yx^2)\mathbf{j}$  is conservative and find its scalar potential. (4 marks)
2. a. Verify Stoke's theorem for  $\mathbf{F} = (x^2 + y^2)\mathbf{i} - 2xy\mathbf{j}$  taken round the rectangle bounded by the lines  $x = a, x = -a, y = 0$  and  $y = b$  (6 marks)  
b. A covariant tensor has components  $xy, 2y - z^2$  and  $xz$  in rectangular coordinates. Find its covariant components in spherical coordinates. (3 marks)
3. a. Prove that (i) a symmetric tensor of order 2 has only  $\frac{1}{2}n(n+1)$  different components and (ii) a skew symmetric tensor of order 2 has only  $\frac{1}{2}n(n-1)$  different non-zero components (5 marks)  
b. Find the components of the metric tensor and conjugate tensor in spherical coordinates (4 marks)

PART B

4. a. Convert the differential equation  $y''(x) - 3y'(x) + 2y(x) = 5\sin x; y(0) = 1, y'(0) = -2$  into an integral equation (4 marks)  
Solve the integral equation  
b.  $y(x) = 3x^2 + \int_0^x y(t) \cdot \sin(x-t) dt$  (5 marks)

5. a. By the method of successive approximation solve the integral equation

$$y(x) = 1 + x + \int_0^x y(t) \cdot (x - t) dt \quad (3 \text{ marks})$$

- b. Reduce to the canonical form the PDE

$$y^2 u_{xx} - 2xy u_{xy} + x^2 u_{yy} = \frac{y^2}{x} u_x + \frac{x^2}{y} u_y \quad (6 \text{ marks})$$

6. a. Solve the IBVP using Laplace transform technique

$$u_t = u_{xx}, 0 < x < 1, t > 0;$$

$$u(0, t) = 1, u(1, t) = 1, t > 0;$$

$$u(x, 0) = 1 + \sin \pi x, 0 < x < 1 \quad (6 \text{ marks})$$

- b. Prove that  $L(u_{tt}) = s^2 U(x, s) - su(x, 0) - u_t(x, 0)$  (3 marks)

### PART C

7. (a) Show that  $(1 - 2xt + t^2)^{-\frac{1}{2}} = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} t^n P_n(x)$  (7 marks)

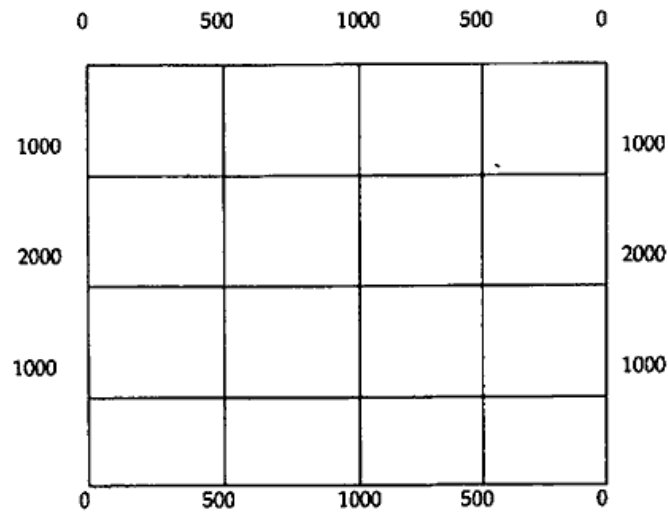
(b) Prove that  $\Gamma(\frac{1}{2}) = \sqrt{\pi}$  (5 marks)

8. (a) Prove that  $\sin(x \cos \theta) = 2[J_1 \cos \theta - J_3 \cos 3\theta + J_5 \cos 5\theta - \dots \dots] \quad (4 \text{ marks})$

(b) Prove that  $J_{-n}(x) = (-1)^n J_n(x)$  (4 marks)

© Express the polynomial  $x^4 + 3x^3 - x^2 + 5x - 2$  in terms of Legendre polynomials. (4 marks)

9. Solve the elliptic equation  $u_{xx} + u_{yy} = 0$  for the square mesh and boundary values as shown below



( 12 marks)